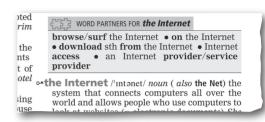
Word Partners

The *Cambridge Learner's Dictionary* gives you lots of information on words that are often spoken or written together. These are called collocations or word partners, and some examples are: *get/send a text* and *heavy traffic*. **Word Partner boxes** in the *Cambridge Learner's Dictionary* help you understand which words are commonly used together so that you can speak and write more natural-sounding English.

Α.	Use the Word Partner box for the Internet to fill in the
	gaps below.

People are spending more	and more of the	eir free time (1)	the		
Internet. It's true that once	you are (2)	the Internet, you	can become		
completely absorbed in fir	ding out and re	ading about certain sub	jects. We		
can even (3)	_ useful things fr	rom the Internet such as	s podcasts or		
even virus software to pro-	tect our comput	ers. For those who don	't have home		
computers, there is usually	Internet (4)	in public lib	raries and		
most towns have an internet café. There are various Internet (5),					
and most offer competitive rates for Internet use.					



B. Match the words and phrases to make ten word partners. The word in bold on the right has a Word Partner box in the dictionary that will help you.

1. carry out	experience
2. prove	wage
3. take	a sequence
4. a major	- a raid
5. gain	a questionnaire
6. easily	an announcement
7. make	issue (noun)
8. fill in	available
9. in	medicine
10. a decent	a theory

Work with a partner. Write a sentence using each of the word partners you have just made.

C. Use the Extra Help pages on *What is a collocation/word partner?* (pages 41-46) in the centre of the *Cambridge Learner's Dictionary* to help you fill in the gaps in the following sentences. The word in brackets at the end of each sentence directs you to the section that will help you.

1. I'm not sure exactly, but	I think that Marianne must be	35 now. (Age)			
2. When it's really hot outs	ide, I prefer to wear clothes.	(Clothes)			
3. Our local college offers s	some really interesting conservation	(Subjects for study)			
4 . Gabriela is having saxop	hone every Friday after scho	ol. (Musical instruments)			
5 . It's not a good idea to	breakfast as you'll feel hungry	and tired later on. (Meals)			
6. I've lived in Spain for ten years and now my Spanish is (Languages)					
7 . Josephine a c	cold because she forgot to wear her coa	t yesterday. (Illnesses)			
8. Police are the	e theft of three cars from the town car p	ark. (Crimes)			

