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	C Early Intermediate (EI)		Advanced (A)	
)	Intermediate (I)			

		E	Grades 9-12 Reading Standard	S					ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	<u> </u>	<u>E</u> arly <u>I</u> ntermediate	Intermediate		<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced		Grades 9-10		Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
Word Analysis B1. Recognize and correctly pronounce most English phonemes while reading aloud. B2. Recognize the most common English morphemes in phrases and simple sentences (e.g., basic syllabication rules, phonics, regular and irregular plurals). Fluency and Systematic Vocabulary Development		 Word Analysis EI1. Produce most English phonemes comprehensibly while reading aloud one's own writing, simple sentences, or simple texts. EI2. Use common English morphemes in oral and silent reading. EI3. Recognize obvious cognates (e.g., education, educación; university, universidad) in phrases, simple sentences, literature, and content area texts. 	 Word Analysis I1. Apply knowledge of common English morphemes in oral and silent reading to derive meaning from literature and texts in content areas. I2. Identify cognates (e.g., <i>agonía, agony</i>) and false cognates (e.g., <i>éxito, exit</i>) in literature and texts in content areas. Fluency and Systematic Vocabulary Development I3. Use a standard 	×	Word Analysis EA1. Apply knowledge of word relationships, such as roots and affixes, to derive meaning from literature and texts in content areas (e.g., <i>remove</i> , <i>extend</i>). EA2. Distinguish between cognates and false cognates and false cognates in literature and texts in content areas. Fluency and Systematic Vocabulary Development EA3. Use		Word Analysis A1. Apply knowledge of word relationships, such as roots and affixes, to derive meaning from literature and texts in content areas. A2. Apply knowledge of cognates and false cognates to derive meaning from literature and texts in content areas. Fluency and Systematic Vocabulary Development A3. Recognize that some words have	X	Reading1.0 Word Analysis,Fluency, andSystematicVocabularyDevelopmentStudents apply theirknowledge of wordorigins to determinethe meaning of newwords encounteredin reading materialsand use thosewords accurately.Vocabulary andConceptDevelopment1.1 Identify and usethe literal andfigurative meaningsof words andunderstand wordderivations.1.2 Distinguish	EA3 – ELD Standard & 1.0 ELA Standard: Student's Book (SB), Word Forms: pp. 11, 24, 37, 54, 65, 78, 96,109, 125, 137, 150, 166, 176, 190 EI5 – ELD Standard & 1.0 ELA Standard: SB, Idioms & Expressions: pp. 6, 30,72,90,132,160,172	EA4 – ELD Standard & 1.0 ELA Standard: SB, pp. 102, 114.

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		EL		Grades 9-12 Reading Standard	s					ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	<u>E</u> arly <u>I</u> ntermediate			Intermediate		<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced		<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10		Primary Citation	orting ation
 B3. Recognize simple affixes (e.g., educate, education), prefixes (e.g., <u>dislike</u>), synonyms (e.g., big, large), and antonyms (e.g., hot, cold). B4. Read aloud simple words presented in literature and subject-matter texts; demonstrate comprehension by using one to two words or simple- sentence responses. B5. Respond with appropriate short phrases or sentences in 	×	knowledge of simple affixes, prefixes, synonyms, and antonyms to interpret the meaning of unknown words. EI5. Recognize		dictionary to derive the meaning of unknown vocabulary. 14. Identify variations of the same word that are found in a text and know with some accuracy how affixes change the meaning of those words. 15. Demonstrate sufficient knowledge of English syntax to interpret the meaning of idioms, analogies, and metaphors. 16. Demonstrate internalization of	×	knowledge of English morphemes, phonics, and syntax to decode and interpret the meaning of unfamiliar words. EA4. Recognize that some words have multiple meanings and apply this knowledge to understand texts. EA5. Use knowledge of affixes, root words, and increased vocabulary to interpret the meaning of words in literature and content area texts.		 multiple meanings and apply this knowledge consistently in reading literature and texts in content areas A4. Apply knowledge of academic and social vocabulary to achieve independent reading. A5. Use common idioms and some analogies (e.g., "shine like a star," "let the cat out of the bag") and metaphors. A6. Use a standard dictionary to 		between the denotative and connotative meanings of words and interpret the connotative power of words. 1.3 Identify Greek, Roman, and Norse mythology and use the knowledge to understand the origin and meaning of new words (e.g., the word <i>narcissistic</i> drawn from the myth of Narcissus and Echo). 2.0 Reading Comprehension (Focus on Informational Materials)		

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	El	Grades 9-12 LD Reading Standard	S		ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	<u>E</u> arly <u>I</u> ntermediate	Intermediate	<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
 various social and academic settings (e.g., answer simple questions). B6. Use an English dictionary to find the meaning of simple known vocabulary. B7. Produce simple vocabulary (single words or short phrases) to communicate basic needs in social and academic settings (e.g., locations, greetings, classroom objects). Reading Comprehension 	 independently. EI7. Recognize that some words have multiple meanings and apply this knowledge to texts. EI8. Demonstrate internalization of English grammar, usage, and word choice by recognizing and correcting some errors when speaking or reading aloud. EI9. Read aloud with appropriate pacing, intonation, and expression one's own writing of 	 English grammar, usage, and word choice by recognizing and correcting errors when speaking or reading aloud. I7. Use decoding skills and knowledge of both academic and social vocabulary to read independently. I8. Apply knowledge of text connectors to make inferences. Reading Comprehension 	 EA6. Use a standard dictionary to determine the meaning of unknown words (e.g., idioms and words with multiple meanings). EA7. Use decoding skills and knowledge of academic and social vocabulary to achieve independent reading. EA8. Recognize idioms, analogies, and metaphors used in literature and texts in 	 determine the meaning of unknown words. Reading Comprehension A7. Apply knowledge of language to achieve comprehension of informational materials, literacy text, and text in content areas. A8. Analyze the features and rhetorical devices of different types of public documents and the way 	Students read and understand grade- level-appropriate material. They analyze the organizational patterns, arguments, and positions advanced. The selections in <i>Recommended</i> <i>Literature, Grades</i> <i>Nine Through</i> <i>Twelve</i> (1990) illustrate the quality and complexity of the materials to be read by students. In addition, by grade twelve, students read two million words annually on their own, including a wide variety of		
B8. Understand	narrative and expository texts.	I9. In detailed sentences identify	content areas.	authors use those features and	classic and contemporary		

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		E		Grades 9-12 Reading Standard	S				ELA Standards				
<u>B</u> eginning	E	Early Intermediate		Intermediate	<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced		<u>A</u> dvanced		Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation		
and follow simple multiple-step oral directions for classroom or work- related activities.		EI10. Use a standard dictionary to find the meaning of unknown vocabulary.		orally two to three examples of how clarity of text is affected by the repetition of important ideas		EA9. Read aloud with appropriate pacing, intonation, and expression increasingly complex narrative	clarity is affected by patterns of organization,		literature, magazines, newspapers, and online information. In grades nine and ten, students make				
B9. Recognize a few specific facts in familiar expository texts, such as consumer publications,		El11. Use appropriate connectors (e.g., <i>first, then, after that,</i> <i>finally</i>) to sequence		and by syntax. I10. Present a brief report that verifies and clarifies facts in two to three		and expository texts. Reading Comprehension	hierarchical structures, repetition of key ideas, syntax, and word choice in texts across		substantial progress toward this goal. Structural Features of Informational Materials				
workplace documents, and content area texts.		written text. Reading Comprehension		forms of expository text. I11. Read text and		EA10. Apply knowledge of language to achieve	content areas. A10. Prepare oral and written reports		2.1 Analyze the structure and format of functional, workplace				
B10. Orally identify the main ideas and some details of familiar literature and informational materials/public		EI12. Read and orally respond to simple literary texts and texts in content areas by using		use detailed sentences to identify orally the main ideas and use them to make predictions about		comprehension of informational materials, literary texts, and texts in content areas.	that evaluate the credibility of an author's argument or defense of a claim by critiquing the relationship		documents, including the graphics and headers, and explain how authors use the features to				
documents (e.g., newspaper, brochure) by using key words or		simple sentences to answer factual comprehension questions.		informational text, literary text, and text in content areas.		EA11. Analyze the structure and format of workplace	between generalizations and evidence. Prepare a		achieve their purposes. 2.2 Prepare a bibliography of				

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		E		Grades 9-12 Reading Standard	S					ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	Early Intermediate		Intermediate			<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced		<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10		Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
 phrases. B11. Point out text features, such as the title, table of contents, and chapter headings. B12. Identify the vocabulary, syntax, and grammar used in public and work- place documents (e.g., speeches, debates, manuals, and contracts). 	 follow so multiple- direction simple m devices a out basic EI14. Or the featu simple e public do by using or phrase 	step s for using nechanical and filling c forms. ally identify ires of xcerpts of ocuments key words es.		 I12. Understand and orally explain most multiple-step directions for using a simple mechanical device and filling out simple applications. I13. Listen to an excerpt from a brief political speech and give an oral critique of the authors and a statements 		documents and the way in which authors use structure and format to achieve their purposes. EA12. Prepare oral and written reports that evaluate the credibility of an author's argument or defense of a claim (include a bibliography).		bibliography for the report. A11. Prepare a brief research or synthesizing paper in a content area and analyze ideas from several sources to present a coherent argument or conclusion arranged in the proper format, including a		reference materials for a report using a variety of consumer, workplace, and public documents. <i>Comprehension</i> <i>and Analysis of</i> <i>Grade-Level-</i> <i>Appropriate Text</i> 2.3 Generate relevant questions about readings on issues that can be researched. 2.4 Synthesize the		
Literary Response and Analysis B13. Identify orally the beginning, middle, and end of a simple literary text.	specific f simple e text, suc consume workplac documer	entify a few facts in xpository h as er and ce		author's evidence by using simple sentences. I14. Read workplace documents and orally identify the structure and format (e.g.,		EA13. Read material and analyze how clarity is affected by patterns of organization, repetition of key ideas, syntax, and word choice.		bibliography. Literary Response and Analysis A12. Describe the functions of dialogue, scene design, asides, and		content from several sources or works by a single author dealing with a single issue; paraphrase the ideas and connect them to other sources and related topics to		

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<u>B</u> eginning <u>E</u> arly Intermediate		arly <u>I</u> ntermediate	Intermediate			<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced		<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10		Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
B14. Read a simple selection and orally identify the speaker or narrator.		El16. In simple sentences orally identify the structure and format of workplace documents (e.g., format, graphics,		graphics and headers) and give one brief example of how the author uses the feature to achieve his or her purpose.		EA14. Analyze the features and rhetorical devices of at least two types of documents intended for the		soliloquies in drama. A13. Explain the significance of several literary elements and		demonstrate comprehension. 2.5 Extend ideas presented in primary or secondary sources through original		
B15. Role-play a character from a familiar piece of literature by using phrases or simple sentences.		EI17. Read a consumer or workplace document in a group activity and		I15. Read and use simple sentences to identify orally the features and the rhetorical devices of simple excerpts		general public (e.g., warranties, contracts, manuals, magazines, and textbooks).	x	techniques (e.g., figurative language, imagery, allegory, and symbolism).		analysis, evaluation, and elaboration. 2.6 Demonstrate use of sophisticated learning tools by following technical		
B16. Create pictures, lists, charts, and tables to identify the sequence of events in simple literary texts.		present a brief oral report, demonstrating three or four simple steps necessary to achieve a specific goal or obtain a product.		of public and work- place documents and content area texts. Literary Response and Analysis	x	Literary Response and Analysis EA15. Identify several literary elements and techniques (e.g.,		contrast a similar theme or topic across genres and explain how the genre shapes the theme or topic. A15. Analyze the		directions (e.g., those found with graphic calculators and specialized software problems and in access guides to World Wide Web sites on		
B17. Recognize the difference in points of view between first		Literary Response and Analysis		I16. Use expanded vocabulary and descriptive words		figurative language, imagery, and symbolism).		interaction between characters and subordinate		the Internet). <i>Expository Critique</i> 2.7 Critique the logic of functional		

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	Grades 9-1 ELD Reading Sta			ELA Standards		
Beginning Early Intermediate	<u>I</u> ntermedia	te <u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
 person and third person by using phrases or simple sentences. B18. Recite simple poems B18. Recite simple sentences E119. Read literar texts and orally identify the main events of the plot using simple sentences. X E120. Identify oral the theme, plot, setting, and characters of a literary selection b using simple sentences. 	 In the sequence of the sequence o	identify ways in which poets use personification, figures of speech, imagery, and the "sound" of language. EA17. Identify the functions of dialogue, scene design, and asides in dramatic literature. EA18. Compare and contrast orally and in writing a similar theme or topic across several genres by using detailed sentences.	characters in literary texts (e.g., motivations and reactions). A16. Analyze recognized works of American literature and identify their genre to contrast major periods and trends. A17. Relate the literary works of authors to the major themes and issues of their eras.	 documents by examining the sequence of information and procedures in anticipation of possible reader misunderstandings. 2.8 Evaluate the credibility of an author's argument or defense of a claim by critiquing the relationship between generalizations and evidence, the comprehensiveness of evidence, and the way in which the author's intent affects the structure and tone of the text (e.g., in professional 		
El21. Distinguish	meaning from	m EA19. Identify		journals, editorials,		

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Beginning Early Intermedia		<u>I</u> ntermediate		<u>E</u> arly Advanced		<u>A</u> dvanced		Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
 the characteristic of different form dramatic literatu (e.g., comedy au tragedy) by usin simple sentences pictures, lists, charts, and table El22. Describe briefly in simple sentences a character accord to what he or sh does in a familia narration, dialog or drama. El23. Use expany vocabulary and some descriptive words in oral responses to familiar literature 	ng X	 literary texts and comprehend them. I20. Use detailed sentences to compare and contrast orally a similar theme or topic across three genres. I21. Read a literary selection and use detailed sentences to explain orally the elements of theme, plot, setting, and characters. I22. Read a literary selection and use detailed sentences to describe orally a character according to what he or she does in a 		recognized works of American literature and the genre to which they belong to contrast major periods, themes, and trends. EA20. Identify recognized works of world literature and contrast the major literary forms and techniques. EA21. Identify the characteristics of subgenres (e.g., satire, pastoral, allegory) that are used in various genres. EA22. Identify techniques that			×	political speeches, primary source material). 3.0 Literary Response and Analysis Students read and respond to historically or culturally significant works of literature that reflect and enhance their studies of history and social science. They conduct in- depth analyses of recurrent patterns and themes. The selections in <i>Recommended Literature, Grades</i> <i>Nine Through</i> <i>Twelve</i> illustrate the	EA15 – ELA Standard & 3.0 – ELA Standard: SB, Literary Term: pp. 6, 18, 30, 48, 60, 72, 90, 102, 120, 132, 144, 160, 172, 184, 204 A13 – ELA Standard & 3.0 ELA Standard & 3.0 ELA Standard: SB, Analyzing the Story: pp. 14, 27,41,57,68,82, 98, 113, 129, 140, 153, 169, 180, 193.	EI20 – ELD Standard &3.0 ELA Standard: SB, Thinking about the story – sharing ideas: pp. 14, 26, 40, 56, 68, 81, 98, 112, 128, 139, 152, 168, 179, 192. I21 – ELD Standard & 3.0 ELA Standard: SB, Thinking about the story – sharing ideas: pp. 14, 26, 40, 56, 68, 81, 98, 112, 128, 139, 152, 168, 179, 192.

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	EL	Grades 9-12 D Reading Standards			ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	<u>E</u> arly <u>I</u> ntermediate	<u>I</u> ntermediate	<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
		narration, dialogue, or dramatic monologue. I23. Use detailed sentences to orally identify at least two ways in which poets use personification, figures of speech, and sound.	have specific rhetorical or aesthetic purposes in literary texts (e.g., irony, tone, mood, "sound" of language).		 quality and complexity of the materials to be read by students. Structural Features of Literature 3.1 Articulate the relationship between the expressed purposes and the characteristics of different forms of dramatic literature (e.g., comedy, tragedy, drama, dramatic monologue). 3.2 Compare and contrast the presentation of a similar theme or topic across genres to explain how the selection of genre shapes the theme 		

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<u>B</u> eginning	<u>E</u> arly <u>I</u> ntermediate	Intermediate	<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
					 □ or topic. Narrative Analysis of Grade-Level- Appropriate Text 3.3 Analyze interactions between main and subordinate characters in a literary text (e.g., internal and external conflicts, motivations, relationships, influences) and explain the way those interactions affect the plot. 3.4 Determine characters' traits by what the characters say about themselves in narration, dialogue, dramatic monologue, and 		

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<u>B</u> eginning	Early Intermediate	Intermediate	<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
					 soliloquy. 3.5 Compare works that express a universal theme and provide evidence to support the ideas expressed in each work. 3.6 Analyze and trace an author's development of time and sequence, including the use of complex literary devices (e.g., foreshadowing, flashbacks). 3.7 Recognize and understand the significance of various literary devices, including figurative language, imagery, allegory, and symbolism, and 		

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					 explain their appeal. 3.8 Interpret and evaluate the impact of ambiguities, subtleties, contradictions, ironies, and incongruities in a text. 3.9 Explain how voice, persona, and the choice of a narrator affect characterization and the tone, plot, and credibility of a text. 3.10 Identify and describe the function of dialogue, scene designs, soliloquies, asides, and character foils in dramatic 		

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	EL	ELA Standards					
<u>B</u> eginning	Early Intermediate	<u>I</u> ntermediate	<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
					 ☐ literature. <i>Literary Criticism</i> 3.11 Evaluate the aesthetic qualities of style, including the impact of diction and figurative language on tone, mood, and theme, using the terminology of literary criticism. (Aesthetic approach) 3.12 Analyze the way in which a work of literature is related to the themes and issues of its historical period. (Historical approach) 		