Publish	er: Cambridge Univer	sity	Press	Program Title: Strategic Reading 2					
				Building Effective Reading Skills					
	ELD Proficie	ncy	Levels:	FOR LEA USE ONLY Designated Standards ELD and ELA #'s					
Beg	ginning (B)	Х	Early Advanced (EA)						
X Ear	rly Intermediate (EI)		Advanced (A)						
Inte	ermediate (I)								

	E	ELD	Grades 9-12 Reading Standard	ds				ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	<u>E</u> arly <u>I</u> ntermediate	<u>I</u> ntermediate		<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced		<u>A</u> dvanced		Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
Word Analysis	Word Analysis		Word Analysis		Word Analysis	Word Analysis		Reading		
B1. Recognize and correctly pronounce most English phonemes while reading aloud. B2. Recognize the most common English morphemes in phrases and simple sentences (e.g., basic syllabication rules, phonics, regular and irregular plurals). Fluency and Systematic Vocabulary Development	EI1. Produce most English phonemes comprehensibly while reading aloud one's own writing, simple sentences, or simple texts. EI2. Use common English morphemes in oral and silent reading. EI3. Recognize obvious cognates (e.g., education, educación; university, universidad) in phrases, simple sentences, literature, and content area texts.		I1. Apply knowledge of common English morphemes in oral and silent reading to derive meaning from literature and texts in content areas. I2. Identify cognates (e.g., agonía, agony) and false cognates (e.g., éxito, exit) in literature and texts in content areas. Fluency and Systematic Vocabulary Development I3. Use a standard		knowledge of word relationships, such as roots and affixes, to derive meaning from literature and texts in content areas (e.g., remove, extend).	A1. Apply knowledge of word relationships, such as roots and affixes, to derive meaning from literature and texts in content areas. A2. Apply knowledge of cognates and false cognates to derive meaning from literature and texts in content areas. Fluency and Systematic Vocabulary Development A3. Recognize that some words have		1.0 Word Analysis, Fluency, and Systematic Vocabulary Development Students apply their knowledge of word origins to determine the meaning of new words encountered in reading materials and use those words accurately. Vocabulary and Concept Development 1.1 Identify and use the literal and figurative meanings of words and understand word derivations. 1.2 Distinguish between the denotative and connotative meanings of words and interpret the connotative power of	El4 ELD and ELA 1.0 Standards SB, Strategic Reading 2, pp. 72, 80, 112.	

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		E	ELD I	Grades 9-12 Reading Standard	ds					ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	Early Intermediate			<u>I</u> ntermediate		<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced		<u>A</u> dvanced		Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
B3. Recognize simple affixes (e.g., educate, education), prefixes (e.g., dislike), synonyms (e.g., big, large), and antonyms (e.g., hot, cold). B4. Read aloud simple words presented in literature and subject-matter texts; demonstrate comprehension by using one to two words or simplesentence responses. B5. Respond with appropriate short phrases or sentences in		Fluency and Systematic Vocabulary Development El4. Begin to use knowledge of simple affixes, prefixes, synonyms, and antonyms to interpret the meaning of unknown words. El5. Recognize simple idioms, analogies, and figures of speech (e.g., "the last word") in literature and subject-matter texts. El6. Read simple paragraphs and passages		dictionary to derive the meaning of unknown vocabulary. 14. Identify variations of the same word that are found in a text and know with some accuracy how affixes change the meaning of those words. 15. Demonstrate sufficient knowledge of English syntax to interpret the meaning of idioms, analogies, and metaphors. 16. Demonstrate internalization of		knowledge of English morphemes, phonics, and syntax to decode and interpret the meaning of unfamiliar words. EA4. Recognize that some words have multiple meanings and apply this knowledge to understand texts. EA5. Use knowledge of affixes, root words, and increased vocabulary to interpret the meaning of words in literature and content area texts.		multiple meanings and apply this knowledge consistently in reading literature and texts in content areas A4. Apply knowledge of academic and social vocabulary to achieve independent reading. A5. Use common idioms and some analogies (e.g., "shine like a star," "let the cat out of the bag") and metaphors. A6. Use a standard		words. 1.3 Identify Greek, Roman, and Norse mythology and use the knowledge to understand the origin and meaning of new words (e.g., the word narcissistic drawn from the myth of Narcissus and Echo). 2.0 Reading Comprehension (Focus on Informational Materials) Students read and understand grade-level- appropriate material. They analyze the organizational patterns, arguments, and positions advanced. The selections in	El6 ELD and 2.0 ELA Standards SB, Strategic Reading 2, pp. 2, 10, 18, 26.	El6 ELD and 2.0 ELA Standards SB, Strategic Reading 2, pp. 34, 38, 44.

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	Intermediate (I)								

	E	Grades 9- LD Reading St				ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	Early Intermediate	<u>I</u> ntermedia		<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
various social and academic settings (e.g., answer simple questions). B6. Use an English dictionary to find the meaning of simple known vocabulary. B7. Produce simple vocabulary (single words or short phrases) to communicate basic needs in social and academic settings (e.g., locations, greetings, classroom objects).	independently. EI7. Recognize that some words have multiple meanings and apply this knowledge to texts. EI8. Demonstrate internalization of English grammar, usage, and word choice by recognizing and correcting some errors when speaking or reading aloud. EI9. Read aloud with appropriate pacing, intonation,	English gran usage, and wisage, and wisage, and wish choice by recognizing a correcting er when speaking aloud. If the decognizing and the speaking aloud. If the decognizing and social wocabe to read independent. If the decognizing and social wocabe to read independent. If the decognizing and social wocabe to read independent. If the decognizing and social wocabe to read independent. If the decognizing and social wocabe to read independent. If the decognizing and social wocabe to read independent. If the decognizing and social wocabe to read independent. If the decognizing and wish and social wocabe to read independent. If the decognizing and wocabe to read independent.	rord	EA6. Use a standard dictionary to determine the meaning of unknown words (e.g., idioms and words with multiple meanings).	dictionary to determine the meaning of unknown words. Reading Comprehension A7. Apply knowledge of language to achieve comprehension of informational materials, literacy text, and text in content areas. A8. Analyze the features and rhetorical devices of different types of	Recommended Literature, Grades Nine Through Twelve (1990) illustrate the quality and complexity of the materials to be read by students. In addition, by grade twelve, students read two million words annually on their own, including a wide variety of classic and contemporary literature, magazines, newspapers, and online information. In grades nine and ten, students make substantial progress toward this goal. Structural Features of Informational Materials	Chadion	Oliculoti
Reading Comprehension B8. Understand	and expression one's own writing of narrative and expository texts.	Comprehen 19. In detaile sentences id	ı	used in literature and texts in content areas.	public documents and the way authors use those features and devices.	2.1 Analyze the structure and format of functional, workplace documents, including		

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Inte	ermediate (I)								

	E	Grades 9-12 Reading Standard	ls				ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	Early Intermediate	Intermediate		<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced		<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
and follow simple multiple-step oral directions for classroom or work-related activities. B9. Recognize a few specific facts in familiar expository texts, such as	EI10. Use a standard dictionary to find the meaning of unknown vocabulary. EI11. Use appropriate connectors (e.g.,	orally two to three examples of how clarity of text is affected by the repetition of important ideas and by syntax. I10. Present a brief report that verifies		EA9. Read aloud with appropriate pacing, intonation, and expression increasingly complex narrative and expository texts.		A9. Analyze how clarity is affected by patterns of organization, hierarchical structures, repetition of key ideas, syntax, and word choice in texts across content	the graphics and headers, and explain how authors use the features to achieve their purposes. 2.2 Prepare a bibliography of reference materials for a report using a variety of consumer, workplace,	El 12 ELD and 2.3 ELA Standards SB, Strategic Reading 2, pp. 19, 21, 43, 68-69, 76- 77, 92-93, 125.	El 12 ELD and 2.3 ELA Standards SB, Strategic Reading 2, pp. 45, 53.
consumer publications, workplace documents, and content area texts. B10. Orally identify the main ideas and some details of familiar literature and informational materials/public documents (e.g., newspaper, brochure) by using key words or	first, then, after that, finally) to sequence written text. Reading Comprehension EI12. Read and orally respond to simple literary texts and texts in content areas by using simple sentences to answer factual comprehension questions.	and clarifies facts in two to three forms of expository text. I11. Read text and use detailed sentences to identify orally the main ideas and use them to make predictions about informational text, literary text, and text in content areas.		Comprehension EA10. Apply knowledge of language to achieve comprehension of informational materials, literary texts, and texts in content areas.		areas. A10. Prepare oral and written reports that evaluate the credibility of an author's argument or defense of a claim by critiquing the relationship between generalizations and evidence. Prepare a bibliography for the report.	and public documents. Comprehension and Analysis of Grade-Level- Appropriate Text 2.3 Generate relevant questions about readings on issues that can be researched. 2.4 Synthesize the content from several sources or works by a single author dealing with a single issue; paraphrase the ideas and connect them to other sources and	EA11 ELD and 2.8 ELA Standards SB, Strategic Reading 2, pp.19, 21, 23, 51, 53, 55.	

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		E	LD	Grades 9-12 Reading Standard	ds				ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	-	Early Intermediate		Intermediate	<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced		<u>A</u> dvanced		Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
B12. Identify the vocabulary, syntax, and grammar used in public and work-place documents (e.g., speeches, debates, manuals, and contracts).		EI13. Identify and follow some multiple-step directions for using simple mechanical devices and filling out basic forms. EI14. Orally identify the features of simple excerpts of public documents by using key words or phrases. EI15. Read and orally identify a few specific facts in simple expository text, such as		I12. Understand and orally explain most multiple-step directions for using a simple mechanical device and filling out simple applications. I13. Listen to an excerpt from a brief political speech and give an oral critique of the author's evidence by using simple sentences. I14. Read workplace		documents and the way in which authors use structure and format to achieve their purposes. EA12. Prepare oral and written reports that evaluate the credibility of an author's argument or defense of a claim (include a bibliography). EA13. Read material and analyze how clarity is affected by patterns of	A11. Prepare a brief research or synthesizing paper in a content area and analyze ideas from several sources to present a coherent argument or conclusion arranged in the proper format, including a bibliography. Literary Response and Analysis A12. Describe the functions of dialogue, scene design, asides, and		related topics to demonstrate comprehension. 2.5 Extend ideas presented in primary or secondary sources through original analysis, evaluation, and elaboration. 2.6 Demonstrate use of sophisticated learning tools by following technical directions (e.g., those found with graphic calculators and specialized software problems and in access guides to World Wide Web sites on the Internet). Expository Critique		
B13. Identify orally the beginning, middle, and end of a simple literary text.		consumer and workplace documents and content area text.		documents and orally identify the structure and format (e.g., graphics and		organization, repetition of key ideas, syntax, and word choice.	soliloquies in drama. A13. Explain the significance of several literary		2.7 Critique the logic of functional documents by examining the sequence of information and procedures in		

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	ELD Proficie	na.,	Lovolo	FOR LEA USE ONLY					
	ELD FIOIICIE	псу	Leveis.	Designated Standards ELD and ELA #'s					
	Beginning (B)	Х	Early Advanced (EA)						
Х	Early Intermediate (EI)		Advanced (A)						
	Intermediate (I)								

		E	ELD	Grades 9-12 Reading Standard	ds					ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	_	Early Intermediate	<u>I</u> ntermediate			<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced		<u>A</u> dvanced		Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
B14. Read a simple selection and orally identify the speaker or narrator.		E116. In simple sentences orally identify the structure and format of workplace documents (e.g., format, graphics,		headers) and give one brief example of how the author uses the feature to achieve his or her purpose.		EA14. Analyze the features and rhetorical devices of at least two types of documents intended for the		elements and techniques (e.g., figurative language, imagery, allegory, and symbolism).		anticipation of possible reader misunderstandings. 2.8 Evaluate the credibility of an author's argument or defense of a claim by critiquing the		
phrases or simple sentences.		and headers). EI17. Read a consumer or workplace document in a group activity and present		I15. Read and use simple sentences to identify orally the features and the rhetorical devices of simple excerpts of public and work-		general public (e.g., warranties, contracts, manuals, magazines, and textbooks).		contrast a similar theme or topic across genres and explain how the genre shapes the theme or topic.		relationship between generalizations and evidence, the comprehensiveness of evidence, and the way in which the author's intent affects the structure and		
B16. Create pictures, lists, charts, and tables to identify the sequence of events in simple literary texts. B17. Recognize		a brief oral report, demonstrating three or four simple steps necessary to achieve a specific goal or obtain a product.		place documents and content area texts. Literary Response and Analysis I16. Use expanded vocabulary and		Literary Response and Analysis EA15. Identify several literary elements and techniques (e.g., figurative		A15. Analyze the interaction between characters and subordinate characters in literary texts (e.g., motivations and reactions).		tone of the text (e.g., in professional journals, editorials, political speeches, primary source material). 3.0 Literary Response and Analysis		
the difference in points of view between first		and Analysis El18. Respond		descriptive words in paraphrasing oral and written		language, imagery, and symbolism).		A16. Analyze recognized works of American literature		Students read and respond to historically or culturally significant		

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X	X Early Intermediate (EI) Advanced (A)		Advanced (A)			
	Intermediate (I)					

			LD	Grades 9-12 Reading Standard	ds			ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	<u>E</u> a	arly <u>I</u> ntermediate		Intermediate 1 — —		<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
person and third person by using phrases or simple sentences. B18. Recite simple poems		corally in simple sentences to factual comprehension questions about two forms of literature (brief excerpts from a comedy and tragedy). EI19. Read literary texts and orally identify the main events of the plot by using simple sentences. EI20. Identify orally the theme, plot, setting, and characters of a literary selection by using simple sentences. EI21. Distinguish the characteristics		responses to texts. I17. Read text and use detailed sentences to respond orally to factual comprehension questions about three forms of literature. I18. Read literary texts and use detailed sentences to describe orally the sequence of events. I19. Apply knowledge of language to analyze and derive meaning from literary texts and comprehend them.		EA16. Read and identify ways in which poets use personification, figures of speech, imagery, and the "sound" of language. EA17. Identify the functions of dialogue, scene design, and asides in dramatic literature. EA18. Compare and contrast orally and in writing a similar theme or topic across several genres by using detailed sentences. EA19. Identify	and identify their genre to contrast major periods and trends. A17. Relate the literary works of authors to the major themes and issues of their eras.	works of literature that reflect and enhance their studies of history and social science. They conduct in-depth analyses of recurrent patterns and themes. The selections in Recommended Literature, Grades Nine Through Twelve illustrate the quality and complexity of the materials to be read by students. Structural Features of Literature 3.1 Articulate the relationship between the expressed purposes and the characteristics of different forms of dramatic literature (e.g., comedy, tragedy, drama, dramatic monologue).		

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	Intermediate (I)					

		E	LD	Grades 9-12 Reading Standard	ds				ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	<u>B</u> eginning <u>E</u> ar			Intermediate		Early Advanced Advanced		<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
		of different forms of dramatic literature (e.g., comedy and tragedy) by using simple sentences, pictures, lists, charts, and tables. E122. Describe briefly in simple sentences a character according to what he or she does in a familiar narration, dialogue, or drama. E123. Use expanded vocabulary and some descriptive words in oral responses to familiar literature.		I20. Use detailed sentences to compare and contrast orally a similar theme or topic across three genres. I21. Read a literary selection and use detailed sentences to explain orally the elements of theme, plot, setting, and characters. I22. Read a literary selection and use detailed sentences to describe orally a character according to what he or she does in a narration, dialogue, or dramatic		recognized works of American literature and the genre to which they belong to contrast major periods, themes, and trends. EA20. Identify recognized works of world literature and contrast the major literary forms and techniques. EA21. Identify the characteristics of subgenres (e.g., satire, pastoral, allegory) that are used in various genres. EA22. Identify techniques that			3.2 Compare and contrast the presentation of a similar theme or topic across genres to explain how the selection of genre shapes the theme or topic. Narrative Analysis of Grade-Level-Appropriate Text 3.3 Analyze interactions between main and subordinate characters in a literary text (e.g., internal and external conflicts, motivations, relationships, influences) and explain the way those interactions affect the plot. 3.4 Determine characters say about themselves in narration, dialogue,		

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	Intermediate (I)					

	EI	Grades 9-12 _D Reading Standard	s		ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	Early Intermediate	<u>I</u> ntermediate	<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
		monologue. 123. Use detailed sentences to orally identify at least two ways in which poets use personification, figures of speech, and sound.	have specific rhetorical or aesthetic purposes in literary texts (e.g., irony, tone, mood, "sound" of language).		dramatic monologue and soliloquy. 3.5 Compare works a express a universal theme and provide evidence to support ideas expressed in exp	hat he ach e nent e nent s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s	

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X	Early Intermediate (EI)		Advanced (A)			
	Intermediate (I)					

	EL	Grades 9-12 D Reading Standard	ELA Standards				
<u>B</u> eginning	Early Intermediate	<u>I</u> ntermediate	<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
					contradictions, ironies, and incongruities in a text. 3.9 Explain how voice, persona, and the choice of a narrator affect characterization and the tone, plot, and credibility of a text. 3.10 Identify and describe the function of dialogue, scene designs, soliloquies, asides, and character foils in dramatic literature. Literary Criticism 3.11 Evaluate the aesthetic qualities of style, including the impact of diction and figurative language on tone, mood, and theme, using the terminology of literary criticism. (Aesthetic approach) 3.12 Analyze the way in		

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X	X Early Intermediate (EI) Advanced (A)		Advanced (A)			
	Intermediate (I)					

	E	ELA Standards					
<u>B</u> eginning	Early Intermediate	<u>I</u> ntermediate	<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation
					which a work of literature is related to the themes and issues of its historical period. (Historical approach)		

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Х	X Early Intermediate (EI) Advanced (A)		Advanced (A)			
	Intermediate (I)					

	EL	Grades 9-12 D Reading Standard	ls		ELA Standards		
<u>B</u> eginning	Early Intermediate	<u>I</u> ntermediate	<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation

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	Intermediate (I)						

	EL	ELA Standards					
<u>B</u> eginning	Early Intermediate	Intermediate	<u>E</u> arly <u>A</u> dvanced	<u>A</u> dvanced	Grades 9-10	Primary Citation	Supporting Citation

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