Unit 15: Reading 1 (pages 114–115)

Ice cream tester has sweet job

Sequencing	A How does John Harrison taste ice cream? Number the statements from 1 (first step) to 7 (last step).					
	a. He takes a spoonful of a small amount of ice cream.					
	b. He opens and cle	b. He opens and closes his lips to add air.				
	c. He puts the ice	c. He puts the ice cream in a trash can.				
	d. He removes the	d. He removes the ice cream from his mouth.				
	e. He breathes in li	e. He breathes in lightly f. He takes out a gold spoon.				
	f. He takes out a go					
	g. He moves the ice cream back in his mouth.					
Context clues	B Find the words in italics in	the reading. Then r	natch each word with its meaning.			
	f 1. swallow (par. 4)	a. opens and clo	ses the lips noisily			
	2. swishes (par. 4)	b. breathes in				
	3. smacks (par. 4)	c. moves back as	nd forth, making a soft sound			
	4. aerate (par. 4)	d. forces (somet	hing) from the mouth			
	5. inhales (par. 4)	e. add air to				
	6. spits (par. 4)	f. move food or	water down the throat			
Text organization	What are the <i>Dos</i> and <i>Don'ts</i> of ice-cream tasting? Complete the chart with the information from the box.					
	☐ drink coffee		☐ spit out the sample			
	☐ drink herbal tea		✓ swallow the ice cream			
	□ eat a lot before tastin □ eat garlic, onions, or	~	☐ taste a small amount☐ use a gold spoon			
	0 , ,	7 1 11	0 1			
	Do		Don't			
			swallow the ice cream			
CUALLENCE	B Hadadha - H. H	al manufacture of the control of	<u> </u>			
CHALLENGE	D Underline all the compound	u nouns in the read	ng.			

Unit 15: Reading 2 (pages 116–117)

Primer on smell

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	erer	ш	ıu

- **A** Check (\checkmark) the statements that can be inferred from the reading.
 - ____ 1. People can learn how to distinguish smells.
 - 2. If we had 100 million smell receptors, we could smell as well as bloodhounds can.
 - ____ 3. A trained perfumer can smell as well as a rabbit can.

Details

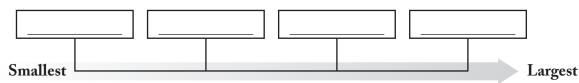
- **B** Write the items in order on each scale.
 - 1. Smell receptors: human, rat, bloodhound, rabbit



2. Olfactory function: child, 80-year-old, 65-year-old, 49-year-old



3. Olfactory bulb: rat, mouse, bloodhound, rabbit



Parts of speech

Complete the chart with the adjective or noun forms of these words in the reading.

	Adjective	Noun	Verb
1.	special	specialty	specialize
2.	emotionally		emote
3.		spice	spice
4.	smelly		smell
5.		sense	sense
6.	imitative		imitate
7.		amazement	amaze
8.	functional		function

Unit 15: Reading 3 (pages 118–119)

How deafness makes it easier to hear

Context clues	A	Find the words in <i>italics</i> in the reading.	Then match each word with its meaning.		
		<u>e</u> 1. obstacle (par. 1)	a. the same		
		2. triumph (par. 2)	b. most important		
		3. <i>will</i> (par. 2)	c. the mind's power to make things happen		
		4. indistinguishable (par. 4)	d. a great success or victory		
		5. <i>device</i> (par. 5)	e. a big problem or difficulty		
		6. <i>primary</i> (par. 7)	f. instrument or machine		
Complex	В	B Separate each sentence from the text into two or three new sentences. 1. (par. 1) Beethoven completely lost his hearing in the last decade of his life			
sentences ^L					
		However, during that time, he produced his most powerful works			
		2. (par. 3) Some musicians Hearing loss does not seem to			
		3. (par. 5) No man-made device could However, it might be possible to			
		4. (par. 8) Cochlear implants allow the deaf to			
		However, this can still			
arts of speech	С	Mark each suffix noun (N), verb (V), a	djective (<i>Adj</i>), or adverb (<i>Adv</i>).		
		Adv 1. –ly (completely, certainly)			
		2ous (glorious) 3ity (personality, ability) 4ment (experiment) 5able (indistinguishable, remarkable) 6al (external, electrical) 7tion (connection, perception)			
		8. –ate (creates, appreciate)			
CHALLENGE	D	Underline the words in the reading with	n the suffixes from Exercise C. Then write the parts		
		of speech under them.	•		