	Unit 9: Reading 1 (pages 66–67)				
	What do our possessions say about us?				
Main ideas					
and tone 🗆					
	3. What is the tone of the article?a. factualb. humorousc. surprised				
Context clues	B Find the words in <i>italics</i> in the reading. Then complete the sentences.				
	enrolled (par. 5)occupants (par. 7)raters (par. 8)experiences (par. 7)possessions (par. 2)-results (par. 8)				
	1. I am waiting for the <u>results</u> of my final exams. I hope I passed all my courses!				
	2. Ron doesn't have much money, so he doesn't have many				
	3. Some say this is a really good movie, but others say it is not.				
	4. Twenty students in this class, but two of them left after one week.				
	5. This apartment building is very small. There are only 40				
	6. Andrew gets bored very easily, and he always like to have new				
Vocabulary	C Do these words have positive or negative meanings? Complete the diagrams.				
	accurate damage inspirational stifled				
	agreeableness dependability misleading sweaty applauding distressing ruthlessly tidy				
	befriended erroneously scatter-brained undependable				
	conscientiousness furtively self-assured wonderful				
	accurate				
	POSITIVE — NEGATIVE — NEGATIVE —				
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Unit 9: Reading 2 (pages 68-69)

The role of temperament in shaping individuality

Details **A** Check (✓) the correct column.

Details	A	A LNECK (V) the correct column.					
			Pe	ersonality	Temperament		
1. predisposition		1. predisposition to respond to events in sp	ecific ways		\checkmark		
		2. complex set of reactions that distinguish	people				
		3. "how" of behavior					
		4. "what" of behavior					
		5. more complex					
		6. more general and basic					
		7. consists of hundreds of particulars	• 11				
		8. whether someone does things slowly or c	quickly				
Context clues	В	B Match each behavior with its meaning. (Be careful! There is one extra meaning.)					
		<u></u>	nhappy				
		2. <i>restless</i> (par. 1) b. unable to sit	: still				
		3. <i>withdrawn</i> (par. 2) c. noisy and en	ergetic				
		4. <i>sullen</i> (par. 5) d. not shy; extr	roverted				
		5. <i>boisterous</i> (par. 5) e. very shy					
		f. without thou	ıght				
[0				
Parts of speech C Circle the words that are adjectives.							
		1. a. optimist (b) optimistic c. o	ptimism				
		2. a. generosity b. generous c. g	enerously				
		3. a. extroverted b. extrovert c. ex	xtroversion				
		4. a. accuracy b. accurate c. ad	ccurately				
		5. a. self-assurance b. self-assured c. se	elf-assuredly				
		6. a. individuality b. individually c. ir	ndividual				
CHALLENGE	D Use the words in Exercise C to complete these sentences. 1. Eric is usually happy. He's an						
L							
		3. I'm not very I'm real					
		·					
	 4. I don't expect you to be just like me. You're an 5. Mr. Rich gave one million dollars to the new hospital. 				•. 1		
					ospital.		
	6. Our teacher says it's important to spell						
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[Unit 9: Reading 3 (pages 70–71)	
	Mind your P's and Q's	
Main ideas	A Complete the outline with the phrases from th	e hov
Wall lueas		
	□ independent □ not afrait □ intellectual and thinking □ optimist □ needy and maybe insecure □ self-cent	
	I. Margins A. Narrow right: B. Narrow left: <u>tied to the past</u>	
	II. Uphill or downhill A. Uphill: B. Downhill:	
	III. Space between words and linesA. Little space:B. More space:	
	 IV. Zones A. Very tall letters: B. Very large middle zone: C. Very large lower zone: 	
Inferencing	B Look at the handwriting samples. Mark each st	catement true (T) or false (F).
	$_F_$ 1. Gregory likes to be alone.	710
	2. Shirley doesn't have many close frie	ends. My name is thegory
	3. Gregory is feeling sad.	Jory.
	4. Shirley is feeling sad.	
	 5. Gregory enjoys sports. 6. Shirley doesn't like to read.	Shirley.
		My name is Shirley.
Prefixes and	C Match each prefix or suffix with its meaning.	
suffixes ^L	<u></u> <u>d_</u> 1. <i>-ness</i> (tiredness, sadness)	a. writing
	2 <i>er</i> (admirer, joiner)	b. person who
	3. <i>graph</i> - (graphology, graphologist)	c. in the direction of
	4. <i>–logy</i> (astrology, graphology)	d. state of
	5. <i>-ward</i> (upward, downward)	e. study of
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